

EL3060 Continuous gas analyzers

ABB MEASUREMENT & ANALYTICS | COMMISSIONING INSTRUCTION



Gas analyzers for use in hazardous areas

Measurement made easy

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Preface

Content of this commissioning instruction

This commissioning instruction contains all the information necessary for the safe and compliant installation and start-up of the gas analyzer.

Information on operation, calibration, configuration and maintenance of the gas analyzer is included in the operating instruction. The operating instruction can be found on the DVD-ROM "Software tools and technical documentation", which is supplied with the gas analyzer (see below).

Further information

Analyzer data sheet

The version of the delivered gas analyzer is described in the "Analyzer data sheet" supplied with the gas analyzer.

DVD-ROM "Software tools and technical documentation"

The DVD-ROM "Software tools and technical documentation" with the following contents is included in the scope of supply of the gas analyzer:

- Software tools
- Operating instructions
- Data sheets
- Technical information
- Certificates

Internet

You will find information on ABB Analytical products and services on the Internet at "http://www.abb.com/analytical".

Service contact

If the information in this commissioning instruction does not cover a particular situation, ABB Service will be pleased to supply additional information as required.

Please contact your local service representative. For emergencies, please contact

ABB Service,

Telephone: +49-(0)180-5-222 580, Telefax: +49-(0)621-381 931 29031, E-mail: automation.service@de.abb.com

Symbols and typefaces

CAUTION identifies safety information to be heeded during gas analyzer operation, in order to avoid risks to the user.

NOTE identifies specific information on the operation of the gas analyzer as well as on the use of this commissioning instruction.

| 1, 2, 3, | Identifies reference numbers in figures. | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Display | Identifies a display on the screen. | |
| ▲ ► ▼ ◀ ок | Identifies function keys. | |
| pe | Gauge pressure | |
| Pabs | Absolute pressure | |
| P _{amb} | Atmospheric pressure | |

Guideline for installation and commissioning

Basic steps

The following basic steps should be followed for the installation and commissioning of the gas analyzer:

- 1 Note the information on the intended application (see page 6).
- 2 Follow the safety information (see page 7).
- **3** Prepare for the installation, provide the requisite material (see page 14).
- 4 Unpack the gas analyzer (see page 28).
- 5 Check the seal integrity of the sample gas feed path (see page 29).
- 6 Install the gas analyzer (see page 30).
- 7 Connect the gas lines (see page 31).
- 8 Connect the electrical leads (see page 38).
- 9 Check the installation (see page 39).
- 10 Purge the sample gas feed path (see page 41).
- **11** Start up the gas analyzer (see page 42).

Safety information

Intended use

Intended application of the gas analyzer

The gas analyzers of the EL3060 series are intended for the continuous quantitative determination of individual gas components in gas mixtures. Any other application is not compliant with the specified use. The specified use also includes taking note of this commissioning instruction.

The gas analyzer is suitable for measuring non-flammable and flammable gases under atmospheric conditions, which can occasionally form a potentially explosive atmosphere (Zone 1). The mixing ratio of these gases should be clearly below the lower explosive limit (LEL) or clearly above the upper explosive limit (UEL). Exceptions can be e.g. startup and shutdown conditions.

A special version of the gas analyzer is suitable for measuring non-flammable and flammable gases under positive pressure (see page 18) if special conditions are met.

The gas analyzer may not be used for measuring gases that attack the materials in contact with the sample medium (e.g. gases containing chlorine).

The EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit may only be operated in conjunction with the EL3060-... control unit (see page 11).

Important safety note

According to EU Directive 2014/34/EU and the general requirements for equipment installed in explosive atmospheres stated in IEC 60079-0, the scope of the certification of our equipment is limited to atmospheric conditions, unless specified otherwise in our certificates.

Atmospheric conditions are defined as follows:

- Temperature range -20 to +60 °C
- Pressure range p_{abs} = 80 to 110 kPa (0.8 to 1.1 bar)
- Ambient air with normal oxygen content, typically 21 % vol.

If the **atmospheric conditions are not met**, the operator is obliged to ensure the safe operation of our equipment outside the atmospheric conditions by means of further measures (for example, assessment of the gas mixture) and / or supplementary protection devices.

Safety instructions

Requirements for safe operation

In order to operate in a safe and efficient manner the device should be properly handled and stored, correctly installed and set up, properly operated and correctly maintained.

Qualifications of the personnel

Only persons familiar with the installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of comparable devices and certified as being capable of such work should work on the device.

Instructions and regulations to be observed

These include

- The contents of this commissioning instruction,
- The safety information affixed to the device,
- The applicable safety regulations for installing and operating electrical devices,
- The applicable safety regulations for working with gases, acids, condensates, etc.

National regulations

The regulations and norms, standards and directives cited in this commissioning instruction are applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany. The applicable national regulations should be followed when the device is used in other countries.

Device safety and safe operation

The device has been designed and tested in accordance with EN 61010 Part 1, "Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use" and has been shipped ready for safe operation.

In order to maintain this condition and to assure safe operation, safety information in this commissioning instruction must be observed. Failure to do so can put persons at risk and can lead to device damage as well as damage to other systems and devices.

Comply with the safety regulations

The safety regulations for explosion protection must be complied with without fail before carrying out any work on the device.

Carrying out work with an explosion hazard is prohibited

Carrying out work on live parts, with the exception of intrinsically safe circuits, and with auxiliary equipment which represents a danger of ignition is prohibited if there is an explosion hazard.

Equipotential bonding connection

The local potential equalization must be connected before any other connections are made.

Risks of a disconnected protective lead

The device can be hazardous if the protective lead is interrupted inside or outside the device or if the protective lead is disconnected. Carrying out work on the potential equalization or the equipotential bonding connection is prohibited if there is an explosion hazard.

Risks involved when opening the covers

Current-bearing components can be exposed when the covers or parts are removed, even if this can be done without tools. Current can be present at some connection points.

Risks involved in working with an open device

The housing of the device must not be opened if the surrounding atmosphere is explosive. The relevant warning notice on the housing must be observed.

When connected to power, the housing of the device may only be opened if it has been ascertained in accordance with the applicable regulations that the surrounding atmosphere cannot become potentially explosive.

Before carrying out any work on an open device, all poles must be disconnected from all power sources. All work on a device that is open and connected to power should only be performed under the prescribed conditions by trained personnel who are familiar with the risks involved.

Danger from charged capacitors

The capacitors in the device require 10 minutes to discharge after all poles of the device have been disconnected from all power sources.

Replacing the battery

The battery may not be replaced in an explosive atmosphere.

Stopping the supply of sample gas

In the case of flammable and toxic sample gases, the supply of sample gas must be stopped and the sample gas feed path purged with nitrogen before the housing of the device is opened.

When safe operation can no longer be assured ...

If it is apparent that safe operation is no longer possible, the device should be taken out of operation and secured against unauthorized use.

The possibility of safe operation is excluded:

- If the device is visibly damaged,
- If the device no longer operates,
- After prolonged storage under adverse conditions,
- After severe transport stresses.

Information for the installation, maintenance and repair of electrical installations in hazardous areas

Installation to IEC/EN 60079-14 (VDE 0165 Part 1)

The electrical apparatus must be installed according to IEC/EN 60079-14 (VDE 0165 Part 1) "Electric Apparatuses for Potentially Explosive Gas Atmospheres" Part 14: Electrical equipment in hazardous areas".

Equipotential bonding

With respect to the equipotential bonding, the requirements of IEC/EN 60079-14 and DIN VDE 0100 Part 410 "Protection against electric shock" and part 540 "Earthing, PE conductors, equipotential bonding conductors" must be complied with.

Electrostatic charging

Electrostatic charging must be avoided. In this respect, the trade association regulations for the "Avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges" (BGR 132) must be complied with.

Monitoring and testing

Electrical equipment in hazardous areas must be monitored for its correct condition. It must be checked by a qualified electrician as required, or at least every three years, unless it is permanently monitored by a responsible engineer.

Carrying out work on electrical installations

Electrical installations in hazardous areas must be disconnected from the power supply before any maintenance work is carried out on them. The isolation point must be provided with a suitable warning sign e.g. "Do not switch on - explosion hazard".

This does not apply to apparatus which may be opened under normal operating conditions, e.g. recording instruments, or for which it is expressly noted in the type examination certificate.

Carrying out work on intrinsically safe circuits

Work may also be carried out under voltage on intrinsically safe circuits in hazardous areas.

However, the electrical data of the relevant test equipment (inductance, capacitance, current value and voltage values) must be considered.

Particular attention is required when carrying out work on intrinsically safe circuits, which have been installed in conjunction with zone 0.

Explosion hazard

The explosion hazard must be eliminated before carrying out any repair work.

Qualified personnel

Repair work may only be carried out by qualified personnel.

Original spare parts

Only original spare parts may be used for the repair.

CAUTION Repair works on the flameproof joints are not allowed!

Purge before commissioning

If repair work is carried out on components of an electrical equipment, on which the explosion protection depends, an expert must check and certify that the essential explosion protection characteristics of the apparatus correspond to the construction and design of the apparatus described in the certificate before it is returned to service.

Repair by the manufacturer

The repair can also be carried out by the manufacturer, e.g. locally by an employee of the ABB after sales service or at the manufacturer's works.

In this respect, an indication of the repairs carried out with a subsequent individual test is affixed to the type plate. A test by an expert is not required in this case.

Description of the gas analyzer

Versions and characteristics

Versions

| EL3060-CU | Control unit with no analyzer installed (with power supply for a separate analyzer unit) |
|------------------|---|
| EL3060-Caldos25 | EL3060-CU with Caldos25 analyzer installed |
| EL3060-Caldos27 | EL3060-CU with Caldos27 analyzer installed |
| EL3060-Magnos206 | EL3060-CU with Magnos206 analyzer installed |
| EL3060-Magnos28 | EL3060-CU with Magnos28 analyzer installed |
| EL3060-Uras26 | Separate analyzer unit with Uras26 for connection to EL3060-CU, -Caldos25, -Caldos27, -Magnos206, -Magnos28 |

Control unit

The case of the control unit EL3060-CU is designed as a field housing of die-cast aluminum in the type of protection "Flameproof Enclosure 'd" to IEC/EN 60079-1. The display and operator control unit is mounted behind a glass window on the front of the case.

A terminal housing in the type of protection "Increased Safety 'e'" to IEC/EN 60079-7, in which the terminal block for the electrical connections is mounted, is flange-mounted on the underside of the flameproof case. Certified electrical conductor bushings are mounted between the inside of the flameproof case and the terminal housing in Increased Safety.

The degree of protection of case is IP65.

Caldos25, Caldos27, Magnos206 and Magnos28 analyzers

The Caldos25, Caldos27, Magnos206 and Magnos28 analyzers are installed in the flameproof case of the control unit. Only one of the analyzers can be installed at the same time.

Uras26 analyzer

The case of the analyzer Uras26 is designed as a cylindrical field housing of die-cast aluminum in the type of protection "Flameproof Enclosure 'd'" to IEC/EN 60079-1. The data transmission and the power supply cable for connection to the control unit have been securely connected ex works and led through pressure-proof cable glands on the underside of the case.

The degree of protection of case is

- IP65 with O-ring seal inserted between case bottom and case (vertical or horizontal mounting allowed) or
- IP54 without O-ring seal (only vertical mounting allowed).

Gas connections

The gas connections are led through flame barriers. The material of the flame barriers and the screwed pipe joints is stainless steel 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti).

Case purging

In order to protect the electronic assemblies from an ingressing aggressive atmosphere or corrosive sample gas components, the flameproof case can be purged with air or nitrogen.

The purge gas is fed in and conducted away via two flame barriers, which are open on the inside of the flameproof case.

Remark: The case purging has no meaning in the sense of a pressurized enclosure to IEC/EN 60079-2.

Explosion protection

The gas analyzers are designed for use in hazardous areas. They are certified in accordance with the European Directive 2014/34/EU ("ATEX Directive") and the pertinent IEC standards.

The housings are designed as field housings in the type of protection "Flameproof Enclosure 'd'". They comply with the requirements of the explosion group IIC. As a result, the gas analyzers can also be used in atmospheres containing hydrogen or acetylene.

Certification to ATEX Directive

EL3060-CU control unit (with or without Magnos206, Magnos28, Caldos25, Caldos27 analyzers)

| EC Type Examination Certificate | BVS 08 ATEX E 048 X |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Marking | (Ex) II 2G Ex db e IIC T4 Gb |
| Analyzer unit EL3060-Uras26 | |
| EC Type Examination Certificate | BVS 08 ATEX E 055 X |
| Marking | (Ex) II 2G Ex db IIC T4 Gb |
| Developed The second surger and four stices a second | ing to Directive 2014/24/EU Anney |

Remark: The measurement function according to Directive 2014/34/EU Annex II, Paragraph 1.5.5 is not an object of these EC type examination certificates.

Certification to IEC standards

EL3060-CU control unit (with or without Magnos206, Magnos28, Caldos25, Caldos27 analyzers)

| IECEx Certificate of Conformity | IECEx BVS 13.0037X |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Marking | Ex db e IIC T4 Gb |
| Analyzer unit EL3060-Uras26 | |
| IECEx Certificate of Conformity | IECEx BVS 13.0056X |
| Marking | Ex db IIC T4 Gb |

NOTES

The certificates can be found on the DVD-ROM which is enclosed with the gas analyzer.

Please note the "Information for the installation, maintenance and repair of electrical installations in hazardous areas" (see page 9).

Safety

| Test to | EN 61010-1:2010 |
|----------------------|--|
| Class of protection | I |
| Overvoltage category | Power supply: II |
| Degree of pollution | 2 |
| Safe isolation | Electrical isolation of the power supply from the other circuits through increased or double insu- lation. Functional extra-low voltage (PELV) on the low-voltage side. |

Electromagnetic compatibility

| Interference immunity | Test to EN 61326-1:2013. Inspection severity: Industrial area, complies at least with the re- quirements to Table 2 of EN 61326. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Emitted interference | Test to EN 61326-1:2013. Threshold class B for interference field strength and interference voltages is complied with. |

Preparation for installation

Material required for the installation (not supplied)

Gas connections

- Threaded connections with 1/8 NPT threads
- PTFE sealing tape

Flow meter / Flow monitor

- Flow meter or flow monitor with a needle valve for adjustment and monitoring of the sample gas flow rate and purge gas flow rate if required
- Recommendation: Flow meter 7 to 70 l/h, catalog no. 23151-5-8018474

Flow limiting device

- The flow of sample gas entering the gas analyzer must be limited by means of an external flow limiting device.
- The flow limiting device must comply with the requirements of EN 60079-1:2014, Annex G, Section 3.3.
- The maximum permissible flow rate data of the individual analyzers and device variants must be observed.

Shut-off valve

• Install a shut-off valve in the sample gas supply line (definitely recommended with pressurized sample gas).

Purging of the gas line system

• Provide a means for purging the gas line system by feeding in nitrogen from the gas sampling point.

Installation material

- EL3060-CU control unit: 4 bolts M8 or M10
- EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit: 4 bolts M8

Electrical cables

- Design of the electrical connections: Terminal strips with screw connection
- Conductor size:
 - single-core: 0.5 to 4 mm²
 - multi-core: 1.5 to 4 mm²
 - stranded: 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (only with wire end ferrule)
- Select conductor material which is appropriate for the length of the lines and the predictable current load.
- Provide disconnecting devices in the power supply cable and the signal lines, in order to be able to disconnect all poles of the gas analyzer from all power sources if required.

Requirements at the installation site, power supply

Installation site

The gas analyzer is only intended for installation indoors; it may not be installed outdoors.

The installation site must be stable enough to bear the weight of the gas analyzer!

Short gas paths

Install the gas analyzer as close as possible to the sampling location. Install the gas conditioning and calibration modules as close as possible to the gas analyzer.

Adequate air circulation

Provide for adequate natural air circulation around the gas analyzer. Avoid heat build-up.

Protection from adverse conditions

Protect the gas analyzer from

- Cold
- Exposure to heat from e.g. the sun, furnaces, boilers
- Temperature variations
- Strong air currents
- Accumulation and ingress of dust
- Corrosive atmosphere
- Vibration.

Climatic conditions

| Atmospheric pressure | Atmospheric conditions |
|-----------------------|--|
| Relative humidity | Max. 75 %, slight condensation permissible |
| Ambient temperature | |
| EL3060-CU | +5 to +50 °C |
| EL3060-Caldos25 | +5 to +50 °C / +45 °C ¹⁾ |
| EL3060-Caldos27 | +5 to +50 °C / +45 °C ¹⁾ |
| EL3060-Magnos206 | +5 to +50 °C / +45 °C ¹⁾ |
| EL3060-Magnos28 | +5 to +50 °C / +45 °C ¹⁾ |
| EL3060-Uras26 | +5 to +45 °C |
| for storage/transport | –25 to +65 °C |

1) +45 °C when used together with EL3060-Uras26

Remark: The explosion protection is not impaired when the gas analyzer is operated at temperatures below +5 °C to –20 °C. However, compliance with the measurement data is not guaranteed in this temperature range.

Power supply

| Input voltage | 100 to 240 V AC, 50 to 60 Hz ± 3 Hz |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Power consumption | Max. 187 VA |

Battery

| Use Supply of the integrated clock during a power fail | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Туре | Lithium 3 V CR2032 button cell | |
| NOTE Only the original battery Varta type no. 6032 may be used as replacement. | | |

Sample gas inlet conditions under atmospheric conditions

Sample gas composition

The standard version of the gas analyzer is suitable for measuring nonflammable and flammable gases under atmospheric conditions, which can occasionally form a potentially explosive atmosphere.

The oxygen content of the sample gas mixture may be max. 21 % vol. as per atmospheric conditions.

If the sample gas only consists of a mixture of oxygen and flammable gases and vapors, it may be not potentially explosive under any circumstances. This can normally be achieved if the oxygen content is safely limited to max. 2 % vol.

Flammable gases which are potentially explosive under the conditions applicable for the analysis, even without the presence of oxygen, may only be contained in the mixture to be analyzed in non-safety-critical concentrations.

The gas analyzer may not be used for measuring gases that attack the materials in contact with the sample medium (e.g. gases containing chlorine).

Sample gas inlet and outlet conditions

Temperature

The sample gas dew point must be at least 5 °C lower than the lowest ambient temperature in the overall sample gas feed path. Otherwise, a sample gas cooler or condensate trap is required. Fluctuations in water vapor content cause volume errors.

Inlet pressure

Absolute pressure max. 1100 hPa and gauge pressure max. 100 hPa

Flow rate

| Uras26 | 20 to 100 l/h |
|-----------|---------------|
| Magnos206 | 30 to 90 l/h |
| Magnos28 | 30 to 90 l/h |
| Caldos25 | max. 100 l/h |
| Caldos27 | max. 100 l/h |

Pressure drop at the flame barriers

Approx. 40 hPa at a flow rate of 50 l/h

Outlet pressure

The outlet pressure must be the same as the atmospheric pressure.

Sample gas inlet conditions with positive pressure in the sample gas feed path

Sample gas composition

A special version of the gas analyzer is suitable for measuring nonflammable and flammable gases under positive pressure. Under no circumstances may the sample gas be potentially explosive.

If the sample gas consists of non-flammable gases and vapors, the oxygen content may be max. 21 % vol. as per atmospheric conditions.

If the sample gas consists solely of oxygen and flammable gases and vapors, it is generally not potentially explosive if the oxygen content is safely limited to max. 2 % vol.

Flammable gases which are potentially explosive under the conditions applicable for the analysis, even without the presence of oxygen, may only be contained in the mixture to be analyzed in non-safety-critical concentrations.

The gas analyzer may not be used for measuring gases that attack the materials in contact with the sample medium (e.g. gases containing chlorine).

Housing designs

Control unit with Magnos206 or Magnos28 or Caldos25 or Caldos27 analyzer

The control unit housing must be equipped with a vent if one of the analyzers is installed in the control unit.

Uras26 analyzer unit

The analyzer unit housing must be equipped with two vents.

The "flowing reference gas" option is not available.

Sample gas inlet and outlet conditions for Magnos206, Magnos28, Caldos25, Caldos27 analyzers

Temperature

+5 to +50 °C

Inlet and outlet pressure

The sample gas pressure in the sample gas feed path of the analyzer may be max. 200 hPa positive pressure (1200 hPa absolute pressure). The pressure drop at the flame barrier at the sample gas inlet means this can be achieved by

- Maintaining max. 200 hPa positive pressure (1200 hPa absolute pressure) at the sample gas inlet or
- Adhering to the pressure limits for the sample gas inlet and outlet as shown in the following diagram:



Flow rate

Max. 80 l/h

Pressure drop at the flame barriers

Approx. 155 hPa at a flow rate of 50 l/h

Sample gas inlet and outlet conditions for Uras26 analyzer

Temperature

+5 to +45 °C

Inlet pressure

Absolute pressure max. 1200 hPa and gauge pressure max. 200 hPa

Flow rate

Max. 100 l/h

Pressure drop at the flame barriers

Approx. 40 hPa at a flow rate of 50 l/h

Test gases for the calibration

Uras26

| Analyzer | Test gas for zero-point calibration | Test gas for end-point calibration |
|---|--|---|
| Uras26 with calibration cells (automatic calibration) | $N_{\rm 2} or air or IR$ sample component-free gas | - (calibration cells) |
| Uras26 without calibration cells (automatic calibration) | N ₂ or air | Span gas* |
| Uras26 without calibration cells (manual calibration) | N2 or air | Test gas for each sample component or for each detector |
| Uras26 + Magnos206 (automatic calibration, i.e. Magnos206 with single- point calibration) | IR sample component-free test gas with O ₂ concentration in an existing measuring range or ambient air. Same moisture content as process gas. | Calibration cells or span gas* |
| Uras26 + Magnos206 (manual calibration) | Zero reference gas for Uras26 or Magnos206, or IR sample component- free test gas with O_2 concentration in an existing measuring range or am- bient air. Same moisture content as process gas. | Span gas for all sample components in the Uras26 and Magnos206 (possi- bly only for the Uras26 if a single- point calibration is carried out for the Magnos206) |
| Uras26 + Magnos28 (automatic calibration, i.e. Magnos28 with single-point calibration) | IR sample component-free test gas with O ₂ concentration in an existing measuring range or ambient air. Same moisture content as process gas. | Calibration cells or span gas* |
| Uras26 + Magnos28 (manual calibration) | Zero reference gas for Uras26 or Magnos28, or IR sample component- free test gas with O ₂ concentration in an existing measuring range or am- bient air. Same moisture content as process gas. | Span gas for all sample components in the Uras26 and Magnos28 (possi- bly only for the Uras26 if a single- point calibration is carried out for the Magnos28) |
| Uras26 + Caldos27 (automatic calibration, i.e. Caldos27 with single-point calibration) | IR sample component-free test gas with a known and constant rTC value (possibly also dried room air) | Calibration cells or span gas* |
| Uras26 + Caldos27 (manual calibration) | Zero reference gas for Uras26 or Caldos27, or IR sample component- free test gas with a known rTC value | Span gas for all sample components in the Uras26 and Caldos27 (possibly only for the Uras26 if a single-point calibration is carried out for the Caldos27) |
| Uras26 + Caldos25 (automatic calibration) | Sample component-free test gas or substitute gas for Uras26 and Caldos25 | Test gas or substitute gas mixture for all sample components in the Uras26 and in the Caldos25* |
| Uras26 + Caldos25 (manual calibration) | IR sample component-free test gas for Uras26 and sample component- free test gas or substitute gas for Caldos25 | Span gas for all sample components in the Uras26 and test gas or substi- tute gas with known sample compo- nent concentration for Caldos25 |
| | * Test gas mixture for multiple sample | components possible if no or negligi- |

* Test gas mixture for multiple sample components possible if no or negligi ble cross-sensitivity is present

| Analyzer | Test gas for zero-point calibration | Test gas for end-point calibration |
|--|--|--|
| Magnos206 | Oxygen-free process gas | Process gas with a known O2 concen- tration |
| Magnos206 with a sup- pressed measuring range | Test gas with O2 concentration near the starting point of the measuring range | Test gas with O2 concentration near the end point of the measuring range |
| Magnos206 with single- point calibration | Test gas with O ₂ concentration in an existing measuring range or ambient air. Same moisture content as pro- cess gas. | - |
| Magnos206 with substitute gas calibration | Oxygen-free process gas or substi- tute gas (O₂ in N₂) | Substitute gas, e.g. dried air |

Magnos206

Magnos28

| Analyzer | Test gas for zero-point calibration | Test gas for end-point calibration |
|---|--|--|
| Magnos28 | Oxygen-free process gas | Process gas with a known O2 concen- tration |
| Magnos28 with a sup- pressed measuring range | Test gas with O ₂ concentration near the starting point of the measuring range | Test gas with O2 concentration near the end point of the measuring range |
| Magnos28 with single-point calibration | Test gas with O ₂ concentration in an existing measuring range or ambient air. Same moisture content as pro- cess gas. | - |
| Magnos28 with substitute gas calibration | Oxygen-free process gas or substi- tute gas (O ₂ in N ₂) | Substitute gas, e.g. dried air |

Caldos27

| Analyzer | Test gas for zero-point calibration | Test gas for end-point calibration |
|--|---|--|
| Caldos27 | Sample component-free test gas or process gas | Test gas or process gas with a known sample component concentration |
| Caldos27 with a suppressed measuring range | Test gas with a sample component concentration near the starting point of the measuring range | Test gas with a sample component concentration near the end point of the measuring range |
| Caldos27 with single-point calibration | Test gas with a known and constant rTC value (standard gas; possibly also dried room air) | _ |

Caldos25

| Analyzer | Test gas for zero-point calibration | Test gas for end-point calibration |
|--|---|--|
| Caldos25 | Sample component-free test gas or process gas | Test gas or process gas with a known sample component concentration near the end point of the measuring range |
| Caldos25 with substitute gas calibration | Sample component-free substitute gas | Substitute gas with a known sample component concentration near the end point of the measuring range |

Pressure sensor

| Gas analyzer | Pressure sensor | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Uras26, Caldos27 | installed ex works | |
| Magnos206, Magnos28 | installed ex works as an option | |
| Caldos25 | not installed | |

In which gas analyzers is a pressure sensor installed?

Information for the safe and correct operation of the pressure sensor

- The pressure sensor (see page 22) measures the air pressure inside the housing as standard. As an option, the pressure sensor is connected to a gas port (flame barrier) via an FPM tube.
- If the pressure sensor is connected to a gas port, the yellow plastic screw cap must be screwed out of the connection fittings of the pressure sensor before the gas analyzer is commissioned.
- For a precise pressure correction the connection of the pressure sensor and sample gas outlet have to be connected to each other via a T-piece and short lines. The lines must be as short as possible or – in the case of a greater length – have a sufficiently large internal diameter (minimum 10 mm) so that the flow effect is minimized.
- If the pressure sensor connection is not connected to the sample gas outlet, the pressure sensor and the sample gas outlet must be on the same pressure level for an exact pressure correction.
- Pressure sensor working range: p_{abs} = 600 to 1250 hPa

CAUTION

The pressure sensor connection must not be connected to the sample gas feed path for the measurement of flammable and corrosive gases.

Case purging

Use

The cases of the control unit and the analyzer unit Uras26 can be purged as an option for protection of the gas analyzers in a corrosive environment or with corrosive sample or associated gases.

Purge gas

Clean instrument air from non-hazardous areas or nitrogen is to be used as a purge gas. The purge gas for purging the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit may not contain any fractions of the sample components.

CAUTION

Leaks may cause the purging gas to escape from the case. When applying nitrogen as purging gas, appropriate precautionary measures must be taken against asphyxiation!

Operating statuses of the case purging

Two operating statuses of the purging are permissible to maintain the atmospheric conditions in the flameproof case:

- Restriction of the purge gas inlet pressure and outlet pressure to positive pressure p_e ≤ 80 hPa (absolute pressure p_{abs} ≤ 1080 hPa).
- The purge gas is provided at zero pressure at the inlet and extracted at the outlet (p_e ≥ -100 hPa).

The purge gas flow in operation must be restricted to 10 l/h. The pressure drop at the flame barriers is approx. 20 hPa with a flow of 10 l/h.

The flameproof cases are specially sealed, so that the purge gas loss during case purging remains low. The purge gas loss in the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit can be further reduced by inserting the supplied O-ring (\emptyset 220 × 3 mm) in the groove provided between the bottom of the case and the case.

Dimensions and gas connections of the EL3060-CU control unit

EL3060-CU control unit

Dimensions in mm (inches)



Standard version:

Version for measuring gases under positive pressure:

- Sample gas inlet¹⁾ Vent¹⁾
- 2 Sample gas outlet¹⁾ Sample gas outlet¹⁾
- **3** Purge gas inlet²⁾ Purge gas inlet²⁾
- 4 Purge gas outlet²⁾ Sample gas inlet¹⁾
- 5 Connection of the pressure connection of the pressure sensor ^{3, 4)} or purge gas outlet ²⁾
- **6** Socket-head hex screw for securing the case cover
- 7 Case cover

1

- 8 Screwed cable glands M20
- 9 Screwed cable glands M16
- 10 Terminal housing with terminal strip (see page 34)
- 11 Connection for equipotential bonding
- 1) If a Magnos206 or Magnos28 or Caldos27 or Caldos25 analyzer has been installed in the control unit
- 2) Option
- Option. The pressure sensor (see page 22) connection must not be connected to the sample gas feed path when measuring flammable or corrosive gases.
- 4) Not in the version with housing purge

Design of the gas connections: Internal flame barriers made of stainless steel 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti) with ¼ NPT female thread

NOTE

Bear in mind the extra space required for the connection leads under and immediately to the left and right of the control unit (approx. 10 cm in each case).

Dimensions and gas connections of the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit

EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit

Dimensions in mm (inches)



- 1) Assignment of the
- 2) gas connections
- 3) see
- 4) analyzer data sheet
- 5 Purge gas inlet¹⁾
- 6 Purge gas outlet ¹⁾
- 7 Connection of the pressure sensor²⁾
- 8 Conduit for data transmission cable
- 9 Conduit for 24 VDC connecting cable
- 10 Connection for equipotential bonding
- 1) Option
- The connection of the pressure sensor (see page 22) must not be connected to the sample gas feed path when measuring flammable or corrosive gases.

Design of the gas connections: Internal flame barriers made of stainless steel 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti) with $\frac{1}{8}$ NPT female thread

Connecting cable: The non-detachable connecting cables for data transmission and the 24 V DC supply are an integral component of the flameproof case of the analyzer unit. In each case, they are 10 m long and may not be shortened to a length of less than 1 m.

NOTE

The extra space required below the analyzer unit for the connecting cables (approx. 10 cm) and above the analyzer unit for opening the case (approx. 40 cm) must be considered.

Installing the gas analyzer

Unpacking the gas analyzer

CAUTION

The EL3060-CU control unit weighs approx. 20 kg. The EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit weighs approx. 25 kg. Unpacking and installing of the gas analyzer require two persons!

Unpacking the gas analyzer

- 1 Remove the accessories (see scope of supply and delivery) from the shipping box.
 - Ensure that the accessories do not get lost.
- 2 Remove the gas analyzer from the shipping box together with the respective protective packaging.
- **3** Remove the protective packaging and place the gas analyzer in a clean location.
- 4 Remove the adhesive packaging residues from the gas analyzer.

NOTES

Keep the shipping box and the protective packaging for future shipping needs.

If there is shipping damage which indicates improper handling, file a damage claim with the shipper (rail, mail or freight carrier) within seven days.

Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths

Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths

The seal integrity of the sample gas feed path and, if applicable, of the reference gas feed path is checked ex works with a helium leak test for a leakage rate of $< 2 \times 10^{-4}$ hPa l/s.

We recommend that the seal integrity of the gas feed path is checked before commissioning the gas analyzer at the installation site, since it may have been affected during transport (e.g. through strong vibrations).

Requisite material

- Pressure gauge
- Flexible tubing, length approx. 1 m
- T-piece with shut-off valve
- Air or nitrogen

CAUTION

If the seal integrity test is to be carried out with air and if flammable gas could be present in the sample gas feed path, the sample gas feed path must be purged with nitrogen beforehand! The seal integrity test can be carried out with nitrogen instead.

Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths

- 1 Seal the outlet of the gas feed path to be tested so that it is gas-tight.
- 2 Connect the T-piece with the shut-off valve to the inlet of the gas feed path to be tested by means of the flexible tubing.
- **3** Connect the free end of the T-piece to the pressure gauge.
- 4 Blow air or nitrogen through the shut-off valve until the sample gas feed path is under a positive pressure of $p_e \approx 50$ hPa. Maximum positive pressure $p_e = 150$ hPa.
- 5 Close the shutoff valve. The pressure should not change measurably in 3 minutes. A sharp drop in pressure is an indication of a leak in the gas feed path being tested.
- 6 Repeat steps 1 to 5 for all gas feed paths in the gas analyzer.

Mounting the gas analyzer

CAUTION

The EL3060-CU control unit weighs approx. 20 kg. The EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit weighs approx. 25 kg. Unpacking and installing of the gas analyzer require two persons!

Mounting the EL3060-CU control unit

4 bolts M8 or M10 are required to mount the EL3060-CU control unit (not supplied).

The control unit must be fitted in such a way that the terminal housing points downwards (as shown in the dimension drawing, see page 24).

Mounting the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit

4 bolts M8 are required to mount the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit (not supplied).

The analyzer unit can be mounted with a vertical or with horizontal alignment of the case.

Vertical alignment:

The gas connections must face downwards (as shown in the dimension drawing at the bottom left, see page 26). In order to ensure degree of protection IP65, the supplied O-ring seal (Ø 220 x 3 mm) must be inserted between the housing bottom and the housing in the groove provided for this purpose. Without the inserted O-ring seal, only degree of protection IP54 is guaranteed.

• Horizontal alignment:

The conduits for the connection cables must be at the bottom (as shown in the dimension drawing at the top left, see page 26). The supplied O-ring seal (\emptyset 220 x 3 mm) must be inserted between the housing bottom and the housing in the groove provided for this purpose; this ensures degree of protection IP65.

NOTE

If the O-ring seal is inserted, it is only possible to open and close the housing with suitable tools.

Connecting the gas lines

Position and layout of the gas connections

The position and layout of the gas connections are shown in the dimension drawings of the control unit (see page 24) and the analyzer unit (see page 26).

Design of the gas connections

Design of the gas connections: Internal flame barriers of stainless steel 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti) with ¼ NPT female thread

- Sample gas inlets and outlets
- Flowing reference gas with EL3060-Uras26 (option)
- Case purging (option)
- Pressure sensor (option)

The assignment of the gas connections in a supplied EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit is documented in the analyzer data sheet.

Special safety measures for operation with positive pressure in the sample gas feed path

For operation with positive pressure in the sample gas feed path, a special version of the gas analyzer is required. This version is marked as such by the information on the type plate: "Sample gas pressure, see special conditions".

For operation with positive pressure in the sample gas feed path, the following special safety measures must be observed:

- Additional vents are fitted (designed as sample gas flame barriers) in order to protect the pressure-resistant housing:
 - One vent in the control unit housing if one of the Caldos25 or Caldos27 or Magnos206 or Magnos28 analyzers is installed in the control unit,
 - Two vents in the Uras26 analyzer unit housing.
 - The inner and outer vent openings must always remain open.
- If the sample gas outlet and inlet side are subject to positive pressure, sample gas may flow from both sides in case of faulty operation (for instance if the sample gas line in the analyzer ruptures). In this case, it must be ensured that the total of the sample gas flows from both sides do not exceed the maximum value of 80 l/h (Caldos25, Caldos27, Magnos206, Magnos28) or 100 l/h (Uras26).

Connecting the gas lines

Connect the stainless steel pipes to the fittings (flame barriers) professionally and taking tightness requirements into consideration.

CAUTION

The maximum permissible tightening torque is 50 Nm. If this value is exceeded, the internal gas connections could be damaged. The explosion protection could be impaired as a result.

Connecting the pressure sensor

- The pressure sensor (see page 22) measures the air pressure inside the housing as standard. As an option, the pressure sensor is connected to a gas port (flame barrier) via an FPM tube.
- If the pressure sensor is connected to a gas port, the yellow plastic screw cap must be screwed out of the connection fittings of the pressure sensor before the gas analyzer is commissioned.
- For a precise pressure correction the connection of the pressure sensor and sample gas outlet have to be connected to each other via a T-piece and short lines. The lines must be as short as possible or – in the case of a greater length – have a sufficiently large internal diameter (minimum 10 mm) so that the flow effect is minimized.
- If the pressure sensor connection is not connected to the sample gas outlet, the pressure sensor and the sample gas outlet must be on the same pressure level for an exact pressure correction.
- Pressure sensor working range: p_{abs} = 600 to 1250 hPa

CAUTION

The pressure sensor connection must not be connected to the sample gas feed path for the measurement of flammable and corrosive gases.

Installing the flow meter

Install a flow meter or flow monitor with a needle valve before the sample gas inlet and if required before the purge gas inlet in order to be able to adjust and monitor the gas flow rate.

Installing the flow limiting device

- The flow of sample gas entering the gas analyzer must be limited by means of an external flow limiting device.
- The flow limiting device must comply with the requirements of EN 60079-1:2014, Annex G, Section 3.3.
- The maximum permissible flow rate data of the individual analyzers and device variants must be observed.

Provide for gas line system purging

Install a shut-off valve in the sample gas line (definitely recommended with pressurized sample gas), in order to provide a means for purging the gas line system by feeding in nitrogen from the gas sampling point.

Discharge exhaust gases

Conduct exhaust gases directly into the atmosphere or through a line with a large internal diameter which is as short as possible, or into a gas discharge line. Do not conduct exhaust gases via restrictions or shut-off valves!

Important notes

- Dispose of corrosive and toxic exhaust gases according to the regulations!
- Comply with the gas inlet and outlet conditions (see page 17)!
- Purge the sample gas feed path before commissioning (see page 41).
- Do not feed in the sample gas until the gas analyzer has reached room temperature and the warm-up phase has ended! Otherwise, the sample gas could condense in the cold analyzer.

Connecting the electrical leads - Safety information

CAUTION

Follow all applicable national safety regulations for the installation and operation of the electrical apparatuses as well as the following safety instructions!

Equipotential bonding

The external equipotential bonding connections of the control unit and the analyzer unit must be connected to the local potential equalization. The local potential equalization must be connected before any other connections are made. The capacity of terminals is of max. 4 mm².

Risks of a disconnected equipotential bonding

The gas analyzer can be hazardous if the equipotential bonding is interrupted inside or outside the device or if the equipotential bonding is disconnected. Carrying out work on the equipotential bonding or the equipotential bonding connection is prohibited if there is an explosion hazard.

Lay electrical lines in such a way that they are non-detachable

The electrical lines, including the connections between the analyzer unit and the control unit, must be non-detachable.

Connecting cable of the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit

The non-detachable connecting cables for data transmission and the 24 V DC supply are an integral component of the flameproof case of the analyzer unit. In each case, they are 10 m long and may not be shortened to a length of less than 1 m.

Shielded leads

Shielded leads must be led through the EMC screwed cable glands. The braided shield must be placed on the EMC screwed cable glands.

Separate laying

Signal lines must be installed separately from the power supply lines. Analog and digital signal lines must be laid separately from each other.

Unused screwed cable glands

Unused screwed cable glands must be sealed with sealing plugs. The cap nuts on the unused screwed cable glands must be non-removable.

Before connecting the power supply

Before connecting the power supply, it must be ensured that the mains voltage is in the permissible range 100 to 240 VAC for operation of the gas analyzer.

Electrical connections

Digital I/O Module 2 Digital I/O Module 2 Digital I/O Module 1 Digital I/O Module 1 50-60 Hz ± 3 Hz Analog Outputs Profibus RS485 Modbus RS232 Modbus RS485 EL3060-Uras26 Digital Outputs Digital Outputs Digital Inputs Digital Inputs Profibus MBP Power Supply Power Supply 100-240 VAC O D O1 Common D 04 Common DO1 Common DO2 Common DO2 Common DO3 Common DO4 Common DO3 Common ◎ RxD/TxD-P RXD/TXD-N @ A01- A02 -🔘 A03 – ◎ DGND ◎ RTxD-© RTxD+ © GND © GND © GND © GND © GND GND GND GND A04 -© GND GND +24V GND ©RxD © TXD $\otimes \otimes$ Ø Ø Ø Ø \oslash \oslash 000 Ø 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 L N PE Data Transmission Ethernet EL3060-Uras26 Ø D01 N0 Ø D02 N0 Ø D03 N0 Ø D04 N0 Ø A01 + Ø A02 + Ø A03 + DO3 NO D04 N0 DO1 NO DO2 NO A04 + SPI 1 SPI 2 SPI 3 DI3 DI4 DI4 DI1 DI2 -DI3 -D11-DI4 -SPI 4 SPI 5 SPI 6 SPI 7 SPI 8 SPI 9 DI3 – DI2 -GND Ê þ 8 눹 E ۲ Ø \oslash Ø Ø \oslash \odot \odot Ø Ø \oslash \oslash \oslash \otimes \oslash 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

Terminal assignment in the terminal housing of the control unit

NOTE

Not all signal input and outputs are actually assigned, depending on the configuration of the gas analyzer.

Digital inputs

Opto-electronic coupler with 24 V DC internal power supply. Activation with floating contacts or with Open-Collector drivers NPN.

Digital outputs

Floating double-throw contacts, max. contact load rating 30 V/1 A. The relays must always be operated within the specified data. Inductive or capacitive loads are to be connected with appropriate protective measures (freewheeling diodes for inductive and series resistors with capacitive loads).

Standard assignment of the digital inputs and digital outputs

| Signal | Standard assignmen | t ¹⁾ |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | Digital I/O module 1 | Digital I/O module 2 |
| Failure | | |
| Maintenance request | | |
| Maintenance mode | | |
| Overall status | DO1 | |
| Start automatic calibration | DI1 | |
| Stop automatic calibration | | |
| Disable automatic calibration | DI2 | |
| Sample gas valve | DO4 | |
| Zero-reference gas valve | | |
| Span reference gas valves 1 to 5 | | |
| Alarm value 1 | DO2 | |
| Alarm value 2 | DO3 | |
| Alarm value 3 | | DO1 |
| Alarm value 4 | | DO2 |
| Alarm value 5 | | DO3 |
| Alarm value 6 | | DO4 |
| Alarm value 7 | | |
| Alarm value 8 | | |
| Alarm value 9 | | |
| Alarm value 10 | | |
| Measuring range switch-over | | |
| Measuring range feedback | | |
| Sample component switch-over | | |
| Sample component feedback | | |
| Bus DI 1 | | |
| Bus DI 2 | | |
| Bus DI 3 | | |
| Bus DI 4 | | |
| Bus DI 5 | | |
| Bus DI 6 | | |
| Bus DI 7 | | |
| Bus DI 8 | | |
| External error ²⁾ | DI3 | |
| External maintenance request ²⁾ | DI4 | |

1) Set ex works, can be reconfigured in operation.

2) Depending on the number of available digital inputs several external signals can be configured.

| Analog outputs | | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| | $0/4$ to 20 mA (pre-set ex works to 4 to 20 mA), common negative pole, electrically isolated to ground, can be connected to ground as required, in this regard, max. gain compared to local protective ground potential 50 V, working resistance max. 750 Ω . Resolution 16 bit. The output signal may not be less than 0 mA. | |
| | An analog output is allocated in the sequence of the sample components for each sample component. The sequence of the sample components is docu- mented in the analyzer data sheet and on the type plate. | |
| | NOTE The assignment of the terminals can be changed in the configurator. | |
| Modbus, Profibus | | |
| | As an option, either the Modbus module or the Profibus module can be in- stalled in the gas analyzer. | |
| Ethernet port | | |
| | The Ethernet 10/100BASE-T interface of the gas analyzer is used | |
| | • for communication with the ECT configuration software for gas analyzer configuration and software update | |
| | for data transmission using the Modbus TCP/IP protocol and | |
| | for transmission of the QAL3 data, if the option QAL3 monitoring has been integrated in the gas analyzer. | |
| Analyzer unit EL3060 | -Uras26 | |
| | • Data transfer: terminals 21 to 29 (SPI1 to SPI9) for lines 1 to 9 (inscription on the lines) | |
| | Power supply: terminals 34 (GND) and 68 (+24V, line with red marking), separate PE connection | |
| Power supply | | |
| | • Terminals L, N, PE | |
| Design of the electric | al connections | |
| | Terminal blocks with screw connection | |
| | Conductor size: | |
| | • single-core: 0.5 to 4 mm ² | |
| | • multi-core: 1.5 to 4 mm ² | |
| | • stranded: 0.5 to 2.5 mm ² (only with wire end ferrule) | |
| | | |

Assignment of the connecting cables to the screwed cable glands

The shielded connection cables for Modbus, Profibus and Ethernet as well as for the data transmission and the power supply of the analyzer unit EL3060-Uras26 must be fed into the terminal housing through the EMC cable glands with clamping insert for the braided shield (M16 EMC and M20 EMC, see the following overview).



Connecting the electrical leads

Pass shielded cable through an EMC screwed cable gland with clamping insert

The shielded connection cables for Modbus, Profibus and Ethernet as well as for the data transmission and the power supply of the analyzer unit EL3060-Uras26 must be fed into the terminal housing through the EMC screwed cable glands with clamping insert for the braided shield.

- 1 Bare the braided shield of the cable over a length of approx. 10 mm.
- 2 Undo the coupling nut on the screwed cable gland and remove the clamping insert.
- 3 Slide the coupling nut and the clamping insert over the cable.
- 4 Turn the braided shield back over the clamping insert. The braided shield must cover the sealing gasket approx. 2 mm.
- 5 Insert the clamping insert and the cable in the gland body and screw up the coupling nut.

Pass cable through a screwed cable gland without clamping insert

- 1 Undo the coupling nut on the screwed cable gland and remove the sealing gasket.
- 2 Slide the coupling nut and the sealing gasket over the cable.
- **3** Insert the cable and the sealing gasket in the gland body and screw up the coupling nut.

Connect power supply to the control unit

- 1 Check that the mains voltage is in the permissible range 100 to 240 V AC.
- 2 Ensure that the power supply feeder has an adequately dimensioned protective device (circuit-breaker max. 6 A).
- 3 Connect the power supply lead to the terminals L, N and PE.

NOTE

If required, install disconnecting devices in the power supply cable and in the signal lines, in order to be able to disconnect **all poles** of the control unit from all power sources. Mark the isolators in such a way that the assignment of the devices to be disconnected can be clearly recognized.

Starting up the gas analyzer

Checking the installation

CAUTION

The housing of the gas analyzer must not be opened if the surrounding atmosphere is explosive. The relevant warning notice on the housing must be observed.

Checking the installation

Before you put the gas analyzer into operation, you should ensure that it has been correctly installed. Proceed in accordance with the following checklist:

Installation site

- Do the conditions in the field (zone, group of enclosure, temperature class) comply with the specifications on the type plate?
- Have the control unit and the analyzer unit been installed indoors?
- Have the control unit and the analyzer unit been securely attached?

Connection of the gas lines

- Have all gas lines been correctly connected?
- If flammable or corrosive gases are to be measured, is the pressure sensor not connected to the sample gas feed path?

Connection to the potential equalization

- Has the external equipotential bonding connection of the analyzer unit been connected to the local potential equalization?
- Has the external equipotential bonding connection of the control unit been connected to the local potential equalization?

Connection of the electrical lines

- Does the mains voltage correspond to the permissible operating voltage (100 to 240 V AC, see type plate)?
- Are all electrical lines non-detachable according to the specifications, and have they been correctly connected to the terminal block in the terminal housing?
- Are there any loose wire ends? Have all unused wires been insulated and mechanically secured?
- Have the correct cable types been used are for the lines led through the screwed cable glands of the control unit?
- Are the lines securely located in the screwed cable glands?
- Have the shielded leads been led through the EMC screwed cable glands? Has the braided shield been correctly placed on the screwed cable glands?
- Do the 24 VDC connecting cable and the data transmission cable which are securely connected to the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit have a length of more than 1 m and do they have any damage?

Integrity of the housing of the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit

- Is the housing of the analyzer unit intact?
- Are all flame barriers and screw plugs present?
- In the case of horizontal assembly of the analyzer unit: Are the O-rings, which have been inserted in the grooves provided between the bottom of the case and the case and between the case and the case cover, clean and not pinched?
- Have all components of the housing been completely bolted together and locked against rotation with the socket-head hex screws?

Integrity of the housing of the control unit

- Is the housing of the control unit intact?
- Is the housing of the control unit tightly closed?
- Is the housing cover screwed in all the way and locked against rotation with the socket-head hex screw?
- Is the seal in the cover of the terminal housing intact? Is the cover of the terminal housing tightly closed?
- Are all screwed cable glands present and tightly screwed in?
- Are the openings of the unused screwed cable glands tightly closed with sealing plugs?

Connection of the peripheral units

• Are all devices needed for gas conditioning, calibration and waste gas disposal correctly connected and ready for use?

Initial purging of gas feed paths

Initial purging of gas feed paths

Initial purging of the gas feed paths inside and outside the gas analyzer is required before the power supply is switched on. A potentially explosive gas/air mixture in the gas feed paths is thereby removed.

| Purge gas for non-flammable sample gas | Clean instrument air from non-hazardous areas |
|--|--|
| Purge gas for flammable sample gas | Nitrogen |
| Purge gas volume | 5x volume of the gas feed paths |
| Purge gas flow | approx. 30 l/h |
| Purging time | at least 3 min |

The purge gas for purging the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit may not contain any fractions of the sample components.

Start up the gas analyzer

Start up the gas analyzer

- 1 Switch on the power supply of the gas analyzer.
- 2 The name of the gas analyzer and the number of the software version are shown in the display while booting.
- 3 After the start-up phase has ended, the display switches over to the measured value display.

Example:



- 4 Check the configuration of the gas analyzer and alter if necessary.
- 5 After the warm-up phase has ended, the gas analyzer is ready to carry out measurements. Duration of the warm-up phase: Uras26: approx. ½ hour without, approx. 2½ hours with thermostat Magnos206: approx. 2 hours Magnos28: 2 to 4 hours Caldos27: approx. ½ hour Caldos25: 1 to 4 hours, depending on the measuring range
 6 Check the calibration of the gas analyzer.
- Check the calibration of the gas analyzer. The gas analyzer is calibrated ex works. However, transport stresses and the pressure and temperature conditions at the installation site may influence the calibration.
- 7 Feed in the sample gas.

Communication between the gas analyzer and the computer

Communication via Ethernet

Communication between the gas analyzer and the computer is executed via an Ethernet connection, either as a point-to-point connection or via a network.

The Ethernet connection enables communication

- with the test and calibration software TCT-light,
- with the configuration software ECT,
- for transmission of the QAL3 data, if the option QAL3 monitoring has been integrated in the gas analyzer,
- for reading the measured values and for calibrating and controlling the gas analyzer via the Modbus TCP/IP protocol.

NOTE

Detailed information on "Modbus" can be found in the technical information "EL3000 Modbus" and "EL3010-C – Modbus via TCP/IP".

Setting up the communication between the gas analyzer and the computer

Basically, the following steps are required to set up the communication between the gas analyzer and computer:

- Check and set the TCP/IP parameters in the gas analyzer and the computer.
- 2 Establish and test the Ethernet connection.
- 3 Start the communication between the gas analyzer and the computer.

Check the TCP/IP parameters in the gas analyzer and the computer

The TCP/IP parameters in the gas analyzer and the computer must be checked and changed if necessary for operation of the configurator. In the case of a point-to-point connection, the IP addresses in the gas analyzer and the computer must be carefully matched.

Example: gas analyzer: 192.168.1.4, computer: 192.168.1.2

Set the IP address in the gas analyzer

| ▶ Setup ▼ De | evice settings 🕨 Ethernet |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| Ethernet | |
| 4 esc | |
| | Off |
| Name | |
| IP Addr. | 192.168.001.004 |
| IP Mask | 255.255.255.000 |
| ▼ Gateway | 000.000.000.000 |
| | |

Parameters

The parameters which have to be input depend on the DHCP setting:

DHCP on: Network name (max. 20 characters, no blanks or special characters),

DHCP off: IP address, IP address mask and IP gateway address.

The network name can only be altered in the configurator. The default network name consists of "EL3K" and the last six positions of the MAC address (example: "EL3KFF579A").

If the parameter "DHCP" is set to "off", the Ethernet configuration is reset to the standard configuration (default IP address); this will prevent the inadvertent assignment of an IP address from a DHCP pool.

NOTE

The parameter "DHCP" must be set to "off" when the gas analyzer is not connected to a network or connected to a network without DHCP server. This prevents the gas analyzer from constantly trying to connect to a network.

Addresses

The IP address, IP address mask and IP gateway address must be obtained from the system administrator.

NOTE

The address bits that can be varied in the address mask may not all be set to 0 or 1 (broadcast addresses).

MAC address

The 12-digit MAC address is unique and stored in each device during manufacture. It cannot be altered.

Set the IP address in the computer

Start – Control Panel – Network and Sharing Center – Change adapter settings – Right click on "Local Area Connection" – Properties: Select "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" – Properties – "General" tab: Use the following IP address: – Enter IP address (see the following example).

| Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| General | | | |
| You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. | | | |
| Obtain an IP address automatically | | | |
| • Use the following IP address: | | | |
| IP address: | 192.168.1.2 | | |
| Subnet mask: | 255 . 255 . 255 . 0 | | |
| Default gateway: | • • • | | |
| Obtain DNS server address automatically | | | |
| • Use the following DNS server | Use the following DNS server addresses: | | |
| Preferred DNS server: | | | |
| Alternate DNS server: | · · · | | |
| Validate settings upon exit | Advanced | | |
| | OK Cancel | | |

Establish and test the Ethernet connection

Cable

Point-to-point connection: Twisted-pair cable with RJ45 connectors, terminal layout: 1–3, 3–1, 2–6, 6–2

Connection via an Ethernet network: Twisted-pair cable with RJ45 connectors

The cables are standard Ethernet cables and are not part of the scope of supply and delivery of the gas analyzer.

Test the Ethernet connection

To test the Ethernet connection, enter the following in the computer in "Start – Execute...": "ping *IP address*" (with *IP address* = IP address of the gas analyzer). If the connection is OK, the gas analyzer reports "Answer from *IP address*: Bytes=32 Time<10ms TTL=255" (the numbers are device-specific). In the case of the message "Request timed-out", the connection is not OK.

The network name can also be entered instead of the IP address.

Start the communication between the gas analyzer and the computer

Communication between the configurator and the gas analyzer is started in the menu "Options – Communication Properties..." or by clicking the symbol Input either the IP address or the network name (server name) of the gas analyzer (see the following example of a point-to-point connection).

| Communication Prop | erties | × |
|---|----------------------------|------------|
| Connection © [P-Address]] O Server Name:] | 192 . 168 . 1 . 4 | |
| Options Diffine Mode - We transmission. | ork offline and connect on | y for data |
| Ok | Cancel | HELP |

Receiving configuration data

After communication has been started, the configuration data can be received from the gas analyzer.

Menu "File - Receive Data" or 🗾.

Sending configuration data

After the configuration data been has edited, it can be sent to the gas analyzer. The configuration mode is active after an automatic cold restart of the gas analyzer.

Menu "File – Send Data" or 📴.

Saving configuration data

The configuration data of the gas analyzer can be stored in the computer. The stored configuration file can be edited at a later date and sent to the gas analyzer.

Menu "File – Save As..." or 🔳

Inspection and maintenance

CAUTION

The tasks described in this chapter require special training and under some circumstances involve working with the gas analyzer open and powered up. Therefore, they should only be performed by qualified and specially trained personnel.

Inspection

Regular inspection

Proceed in accordance with the checklist "Checking the installation" (see page 39).

Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths

The seal integrity of the sample gas feed path and, if applicable, the reference gas feed path should be checked during operation at least once a year. The seal integrity of the gas feed path must always be checked after the gas feed path inside the gas analyzer has been opened (see below).

If measured values are output slowly during operation (e.g. after feed in of the test gas) or implausible measured values are obtained, a leak in the sample gas feed path is a possible cause.

A simple procedure for testing the seal integrity of the gas feed paths is described in the section "Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths" (see page 48).

Measures taken after opening the gas paths inside the gas analyzer

All components of the case of the control unit and the analyzer unit EL3060-Uras26 must be completely bolted together and locked against rotation with the socket-head hex screws.

If the gas feed path or reference gas path inside the gas analyzer has been opened, the seal integrity should be tested with helium at a leak rate of $< 2 \times 10^{-4}$ hPa l/s. As an alternative to the helium leak test, the pressure drop method described in the section "Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths" (see page 48) can be used. In this respect, the test pressure is increased to p_e \approx 400 hPa (= 400 mbar) and the test duration to 15 minutes. The maximum excess pressure p_e = 500 hPa (= 500 mbar).

Initial purging of the gas feed paths inside and outside the gas analyzer is required before the power supply is switched on. A potentially explosive gas/air mixture in the gas feed paths is thereby removed.

| Purge gas for non-flammable sample gas | Clean instrument air from non-hazardous areas |
|--|--|
| Purge gas for flammable sample gas | Nitrogen |
| Purge gas volume | 5x volume of the gas feed paths |
| Purge gas flow | approx. 30 l/h |
| Purging time | at least 3 min |

The purge gas for purging the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit may not contain any fractions of the sample components.

Reseal cable glands after opening

If the pressure-proof cable glands, through which the data transmission cable and the 24 VDC connecting cable are routed to the flameproof cylinder of the EL3060-Uras26 analyzer unit, have been opened, the external nuts must be screwed tight with a torque wrench (size 20); tightening torque = 17 Nm.

Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths

Requisite material

- Pressure gauge
- Flexible tubing, length approx. 1 m
- T-piece with shut-off valve
- Air or nitrogen

CAUTION

If the seal integrity test is to be carried out with air and if flammable gas could be present in the sample gas feed path, the sample gas feed path must be purged with nitrogen beforehand! The seal integrity test can be carried out with nitrogen instead.

Checking the seal integrity of the gas feed paths

- 1 Seal the outlet of the gas feed path to be tested so that it is gas-tight.
- 2 Connect the T-piece with the shut-off valve to the inlet of the gas feed path to be tested by means of the flexible tubing.
- 3 Connect the free end of the T-piece to the pressure gauge.
- 4 Blow air or nitrogen through the shut-off valve until the sample gas feed path is under a positive pressure of $p_e \approx 50$ hPa. Maximum positive pressure $p_e = 150$ hPa.
- 5 Close the shutoff valve. The pressure should not change measurably in 3 minutes. A sharp drop in pressure is an indication of a leak in the gas feed path being tested.
- 6 Repeat steps 1 to 5 for all gas feed paths in the gas analyzer.

CAUTION

The following values apply for the test pressure and test duration after the gas feed paths inside the gas analyzer have been opened: Test pressure $p_e \approx 400$ hPa, maximum positive pressure $p_e = 500$ hPa. Test duration 15 minutes.

Shutting down and packing the gas analyzer

Shutting down the gas analyzer

Shutting down

In the case of a temporary shutdown:

- **1** Shut off the sample gas.
- 2 Purge the gas lines and gas feed paths in the gas analyzer with dry fresh air or nitrogen for at least 5 minutes.
- 3 Switch off the power supply to the gas analyzer.

In the case of a long-term shutdown, carry out the following in addition:

- Remove the gas lines from the gas analyzer ports. Tightly seal the gas ports.
- 2 Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas analyzer.

Ambient temperature

Ambient temperature during storage and transport: -25 to +65 °C

Packing the gas analyzer

Packing

- 1 Remove adapters from the gas ports and tightly seal the gas ports.
- 2 If the original packaging is not available, wrap the gas analyzer in bubble wrap or corrugated cardboard. When shipping overseas, additionally shrink-wrap the gas analyzer air-tight in 0.2 mm thick polyethylene film adding a drying agent (such as silica gel). The amount of drying agent should be appropriate for the package volume and the expected shipping duration (at least 3 months).
- 3 Pack the gas analyzer in an adequately sized box lined with shock-absorbing material (foam or similar). The thickness of the shock-absorbing material should be adequate for the weight of the gas analyzer and the mode of dispatch. When shipping overseas, additionally line the box with a double layer of bitumen paper.
- 4 Mark the box as "Fragile Goods".

CAUTION

When you return the gas analyzer to the service department, e.g. for repair, please state which gases have been supplied to the gas analyzer. This information is needed so that service personnel can take any requisite safety precautions for harmful gases.

Ambient temperature

Ambient temperature during storage and transport: -25 to +65 °C

Disposal

Notes for disposal

Products that are marked with the adjacent symbol may not be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste (domestic waste). They should be disposed of through separate collection of electric and electronic devices.



This product and its packaging are manufactured from materials that can be recycled by specialist recycling companies.

Bear the following in mind when disposing of this product and its packaging:

- This product is under the open scope of the WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU and relevant national laws.
- The product must be supplied to a specialist recycling company. Do not use municipal waste collection points. These may be used for privately used products only in accordance with WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU.
- If there is no possibility to dispose of the old equipment properly, ABB service can take care of its pick-up and disposal for a fee. To find your local ABB service contact visit abb.com/contacts or call +49 180 5 222 580.



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